Resolution No.	12	New ■	Substitute □	Amendment □
Submitted By:	CDEL			
Date Submitted:	April 11, 2025	Reference Co	ommittee	Direct to House □
Total Financial Im	plication: \$ none			
Amount One-time	\$ none	Amoun	nt On-aoina	\$ none

NYSDA Policy 28-D-87

- 1 Background: In 2020, NYSDA Councils and Committees were directed by then-
- 2 president Dr. Craig Ratner to review resolutions introduced by their respective
- 3 councils/committees from 2005 to the present. This was an attempt to update and
- 4 streamline NYSDA's Policy Manual so that it contained only current active policy.
- 5 The Council on Dental Education and Licensure was charged with reviewing past
- 6 policies to determine either that a policy was "completed" and could be archived, or was
- 7 still considered "active." However, the Council had postponed consideration of
- 8 Resolution 28-D-87 multiple times because of concerns that continue to exist in New
- 9 York State.

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- 10 Policy 28-D-87 reads as follows:
- Resolved, that the Dental Society of the State of New York (DSSNY) seek legislation governing the administration of general anesthesia and intravenous sedation by dentists in ambulatory care facilities in the State of New York.
- As a direct result of this policy's adoption, on July 29, 1988, a new subsection of the
- dental practice act (§6605) was enacted as follows:
- 16 "A licensed dentist shall not employ general anesthesia or parenteral sedation in the
- practice of dentistry, at any location other than a general hospital, without a dental
- anesthesia certificate issued by the department." It further directed "...[t]he
- commissioner [of the Department of Education] to promulgate regulations, establishing
- standards and procedures for the issuance of [such] certificates."
- 21 The rules and regulations have undergone two major revisions (in 1999, and 2016), and
- currently provide for the issuance of five (5) different certificates as follows:
 - dental general anesthesia;
- dental parenteral conscious (moderate) sedation for patients 13 years and older;
- dental parenteral conscious (moderate) sedation for patients 12 years and
 younger;

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dental enteral conscious (moderate) sedation (12 years and younger).

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For physicians, the administration of anesthesia in office-based settings is subject to 30

- oversight and regulation by the New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) to 31
- 32 ensure patient safety and the delivery of high-quality care. The NYSDOH mandates that
- any facility where anesthesia services are provided beyond minimal sedation must be 33
- accredited or certified in accordance with established standards, and requires that any 34
- procedure utilizing moderate sedation, deep sedation, or general anesthesia be 35
- performed in a setting accredited by a recognized accrediting organization approved by 36
- the NYSDOH. These organizations include, but are not limited to, the Accreditation 37
- Association for Ambulatory Health Care (AAAHC), The Joint Commission (TJC), and 38
- the American Association for Accreditation of Ambulatory Surgery Facilities (AAAASF). 39
- "This law is specific to physicians and does not cover procedures performed by dentists 40
- and podiatrists, who are not regulated by DOH. The State Education Department (SED), 41
- which does regulate dentists and podiatrists, has issued guidelines for office-based 42
- surgery and conscious sedation that apply to them."1 43
- In issuing this guidance, NYSDOH excluded dentistry in noting..."[t]his law is specific to 44
- physicians and does not cover procedures performed by dentists and podiatrists who 45
- are not regulated by DOH. The State Education Department (SED), which does regulate 46
- dentists and podiatrists, has issued guidelines for office-based surgery and conscious 47
- sedation that apply to them." 48
- 49 The conundrum exists when a medical anesthesiologist administers sedation or
- anesthesia in a dental office where the dentist does not possess a sedation or 50
- 51 anesthesia certificate, and the facility is not itself certified. What potentially further
- compounds this is when a nurse anesthetist administers the sedation without any 52
- 53 appropriate supervision.
- For these reasons, the Council on Dental Education and Licensure is requesting that 54
- 55 the NYSDA Board of Trustees revisit this policy and make recommendations as to
- whether additional action is indicated. Accordingly, the following resolution is submitted 56
- for consideration: 57

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12. Resolved, that NYSDA (DSSNY) Policy 28-D-87 be referred to the NYSDA Board of Trustees for evaluation with a report and any recommendations to be forwarded to the 2026 NYSDA House of Delegates for its consideration.

¹ New York State Department of Health Guidance; December 3, 2007

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Board Comments: The Board urges defeat of this resolution as these regulations have been 61 developed as suggested subsequent to the resolution's adoption in 1987. The Council 62 nonetheless may wish to explore the issue of non-dentists delivering anesthesia in dental 63 offices. 64

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BOARD RECOMMENDATION: VOTE YES

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name	yes	no	abstai n	abse nt	name	yes	no	abstai n	abse nt	name	yes	no	abstai n	abse nt			
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Casper-Klock		Х			Greenberg		х			Korkosz		Χ					
Cuomo		Х			Hills		х			Miller		Х					
Demas		Х			Jackson		х			Rothas		Х					
Edwards		Х			Jacobo		x			Samuels		X					
Gamache		Х			Jonke		x			Scharoff		Х					
Giordano		х								Stacy		Χ					
										Res #12							